$\sqrt{17}$ 

**Section 121.** 21.50(1) and (2) of the statutes are renumbered 321.21(2)(a) and (b) and amended to read:

321.21 (2) (a) Each commanding officer to whom state or federal who is issued military property is issued may be required to execute to the state a bond, with such sureties and in such form and amount as the adjutant general shall approve, conditioned for the faithful preservation and care of all such arms, accourrements moneys, or stores that the officer received, to indemnify the state against loss by misuse or misapplication by the officer or any other person; to or money shall account for all of the same according to law, and to the property and money, deliver the same the property and money to any officer lawfully entitled thereto, on demand to receive them, and to pay all sums lawfully appraised for all losses or damages to that property or money.

military property and effects of any company sized unit or detachment of the national guard, whether said the money or property is owned by said the unit or detachment or its members collectively, or has been issued to it or any of its officers, for its use by state or United States authority, and. The unit commander may sue for and recover possession of the same money or military property, whenever it is wrongfully withheld from the unit commander's custody or the custody control of the unit or detachment.

\*\*\*\*Note: Can a unit own money or property? Those are usually owned by the state governmental unit.

**Section 122.** 21.50 (3) and (4) of the statutes are repealed.

**Section 123.** 21.51 of the statutes is renumbered 321.13.

SECTION 124. 21.52 of the statutes is renumbered 321.14 and amended to read:

321.14 Authority to administer oaths. Any officer of the national guard or
any officer of the U.S. armed forces may administer oaths of enlistment in the
national guard.
SECTION 125. 21.54 of the statutes is renumbered 321.15 and amended to read:

321.15 Resignation of officer. A commissioned officer may resign—the officer's his or her commission by submitting the written resignation to the officer's his or her immediate commanding officer, in writing, who. The commanding officer shall promptly forward the same resignation through military channels to the adjutant general. The governor shall, by order, accept or reject the same resignation, and, if accepted, fix the effective date of its taking effect. No the resignation shall take effect except as so ordered.

**SECTION 126.** 21.56 (title) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 127.** 21.56(1) and (2) of the statutes are renumbered 321.21(3)(a) and (b) and amended to read:

321.21 (3) (a) All state-owned military property or money issued to any officer or armory facility manager shall be audited annually as a part of the annual inspection of federal property accounts. When damages damage, other than fair reasonable wear and tear, or loss of state-owned property is discovered, the adjutant general shall appoint a surveying officer to determine the cause and fix blame. Upon review, the adjutant general may hold responsible individuals pecuniarily financially liable, and may require a depreciated payment, as determined by the adjutant general, into the state treasury. If it is determined that the property or money was damaged, destroyed or lost without fault or neglect on the part of those responsible, all concerned may shall be relieved of liability.

, 1	(b) Whenever any state-owned military property becomes unsuitable,
2	unserviceable, or no longer required for military purposes, it shall be disposed of as
3	surplus property subject to s. 16.72 (4) and (5).
4	SECTION 128. 21.57 (title) of the statutes is repealed.
5	<b>Section 129.</b> $21.57(1)$ and $(2)$ of the statutes are renumbered $321.21(4)(a)$ and
6	(b) and amended to read:
7	321.21 (4) (a) Whenever any When an officer who is responsible for state
8	military property or money is separated or reassigned, all military property or money
9	in the officer's possession or for which the officer is responsible shall be delivered to
10	become the responsibility of the person designated the adjutant general designates
11	to receive the property by the adjutant general or money. No separation or
12	reassignment shall be effective until all property accounts have been settled.
13	(b) In case of the death of any If an officer having custody control of state
14	military property or money dies, the next in command shall immediately take charge
15	of such the property or money and deliver the same the property or money to the
16	$person\underline{theadjutantgeneral}appointedto\underline{receivecontrol}theproperty\underline{bytheadjutant}$
17	general or money.
18	SECTION 130. 21.59 of the statutes is repealed.
19	SECTION 131. 21.60 of the statutes is repealed.
20	SECTION 132. 21.61 (title) of the statutes is repealed.
21	<b>SECTION 133.</b> 21.61 (1), (3), (4) and (5) of the statutes are renumbered 321.23
22	(1) (a), (b), (c) and (d) and amended to read:
23	321.23 (1) (a) The governing body of any city, village, town or county A political
24	subdivision or federally recognized Indian tribe or band in which one or more
25	companies units of the national guard may be is located may erect build or purchase

a suitable armory for the purpose of drill and for the safekeeping of the arms, equipment, uniforms and other military property furnished by the state, and for public meetings and conventions, when such that use will not interfere with the use of such the building by the national guard. Plans and specifications The adjutant general and the building commission may review and approve or reject plans and specifications for such the armories shall be inspected and approved by the governor and the adjutant general who. The adjutant general and the department of administration shall file with the governing body of the city, village, town or county political subdivision or the federally recognized Indian tribe or band a certificate of such inspection and approval prior to before the erection thereof construction of an armory.

(b) The governing body of any city, village, town or county A political subdivision or federally recognized Indian tribe or band in which any such company unit of the national guard may be is located may purchase land and build armories in the same manner as the governing body political subdivision or tribe or band is now authorized by law to build other city, village, town or county buildings, and when. When unable to agree upon the price of land with its owner, the political subdivision or federally recognized Indian tribe or band may, if in its opinion necessary, appropriate land for the purpose of building armories in the same manner as the governing body political subdivision or tribe or band is now authorized by law to appropriate real estate for other city, village, town or county buildings. In case however If a city, village, town or county shall have political subdivision or federally recognized Indian tribe or band aided in the erection building of an armory and the company or companies of the national guard for which the armory was erected shall at any time be built is disbanded, then the armory shall become the property of the

city, village, town or county in which political subdivision or tribe or band that aided in the building of the armory is erected.

(c) Such The armory, when erected built or purchased, shall be under the control and charge of the governor, the adjutant general, and the commanding officer of the company or companies unit of the national guard for which it has been provided. The commanding officer shall cause to be deposited therein, deposit in the armory all arms, uniforms and equipment military property received from the governor and the adjutant general who. The adjutant general may make such rules as they deem proper for the observance of issue policies to be followed by all officers and persons having charge of such the armories or occupying any part thereof of the armories.

\*\*\*\*NOTE: Since DMA says they do not issue rules, I changed the last sentence to use "policies." OK?

(d) Whenever any county, city, town or village erects political subdivision or federally recognized Indian tribe or band constructs a building as a memorial to the soldiers, sailors and marines members of the U.S. armed forces or national guard who served in any war or armed conflict of the United States and makes provision therein in the memorial building for the accommodation of one or more companies of the national guard having no regularly established armory, the governor, adjutant general or other state officers having control of armory accommodations and regulations shall, whenever practicable, rent the armory provided in such the memorial building for the use of those companies of the national guard.

**Section 134.** 21.612 of the statutes is repealed.

**Section 135.** 21.616 (title) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 136. 21.616 of the statutes is renumbered 321.23 (2) and amended to 1 2 read: 321.23 (2) The department of military affairs is authorized and directed may, 3 when contributions therefor are made available by the federal government under the 4 national defense facilities act of 1950 or any act or acts amendatory thereof or 5 supplementary thereto, to federal law, expand, rehabilitate, equip, or convert 6 facilities owned by the state and to acquire, construct, expand, rehabilitate, equip, 7 or convert additional facilities. The department of military affairs may on the part 8 9 10 law or regulation, and may accept on behalf of the state the lawful terms and conditions thereof of a federal contribution. The department of military affairs shall 11 take such steps and have all the functions and has the duties and powers necessary, 12 consistent with the appropriation therefor, to acquire contributions under any such 13 federal act law and to undertake and complete any such a project described in this 14 subsection in conformity with the applicable federal act law and this section 15 16 subsection. **Section 137.** 21.62 of the statutes is repealed. 17 18 **Section 138.** 21.63 of the statutes is repealed. 19 **Section 139.** 21.70 (title) of the statutes is repealed. **Section 140.** 21.70 (1) and (2) of the statutes are renumbered 321.02 (1) and 20 21 (2) and amended to read: 22 321.02 (1) The governor may request volunteers of from the national guard to 23 provide assistance to federal, state and local law enforcement officers, within or outside the boundaries of this state, in drug interdiction and counter-drug activities 24 under 32 USC 112. These activities may include the operation and maintenance of 25

equipment and facilities. The governor may order, with their consent, any national
guard members who volunteer under this section subsection to duty in federally
funded status. The governor may delegate his or her authority under this section
subsection to the adjutant general. The adjutant general shall follow all laws and
regulations of the U.S. department of defense when ordering national guard
members to perform drug interdiction and counter-drug activities under this section
subsection.

(2) A national guard member assisting in drug interdiction and counter-drug activities under this section subsection shall obey and execute the instructions of a law enforcement officer from the assisted agency involved in these activities that are given to the national guard member through the military chain of command.

**SECTION 141.** 21.72 of the statutes is renumbered 321.60, and 321.60 (1) (c), (2), (5) and (6), as renumbered, are amended to read:

321.60 (1) (c) "Service member" means a member of a reserve unit of the U.S. armed forces, a member of the state defense force, or a member of a national guard unit of any state who is a resident of Wisconsin.

(2) Any license that a service member holds, the expiration date of which is after September 11, 2001, except a license to practice law, does not expire on the expiration date of the license if, on the expiration date, the service member is on state active duty under ch. 21 or on active duty in the U.S. armed forces. If the supreme court agrees, a license to practice law that a service member holds, the expiration date of which is after September 11, 2001, does not expire on the expiration date of the license if, on the expiration date, the service member is on state active duty under ch. 21 or on active duty in the U.S. armed forces. A license extended under this subsection expires 90 days after the service member is discharged from active duty.

1	(5) The department of military affairs shall assist any service member who
2	needs assistance to renew or extend a license under this section.
3	(6) The department of military affairs shall prepare and distribute to
4	appropriate agencies and persons, at no cost to those agencies or persons, a brochure
5	explaining the provisions of this section.
6	SECTION 142. 21.74 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 321.61 (title) and
7	amended to read:
8	321.61 (title) Soldiers and sailors Service members civil relief act for
9	property taxes and mobile telephone contracts; federal service active duty.
10	<b>SECTION 143.</b> 21.74 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 321.61 (1) (a) and
11	amended to read:
12	321.61 (1) (a) In this section subsection, unless the context indicates otherwise:
13	1. "Interest and penalties" means interest and penalties accruing on taxes
14	during the period of military service federal active duty and 6 months thereafter. In
15	case several owners jointly own property, other than property held jointly or as
16	marital property with the spouse of the person in military service federal active duty,
17	interest and penalties means the proportionate share of the total interest and
18	penalties commensurate with the equity in the property of the person in military
19	service federal active duty.
20	2. "Person in military service federal active duty" means any man or woman
21	who is serving on in federal active duty in the U.S. armed forces, except service on
22	active duty for training purposes for a period of 90 days or more.
23	3. "Property" means any real estate or personal property belonging to a person
24	in military service federal active duty that was acquired prior to the commencement

of military service the federal active duty or that was acquired by descent.

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4. "Taxes" means any general property taxes or special assessments or tax certificates evidencing those taxes and assessments not belonging to private buyers.

**SECTION 144.** 21.74 (2), (3), (4), (5), (6) and (7) of the statutes are renumbered 321.61 (1) (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) and amended to read:

321.61 (1) (b) To supplement and complement the provisions of 50 App. USC 501, and to afford and obtain greater peace and security for persons in military service federal active duty, the enforcement of certain tax obligations or liabilities that may prejudice the property rights of persons in military service federal active duty may be temporarily suspended as provided in this section subsection.

(c) Any person while in the military service of the United States federal active duty or within 6 months after terminating service that duty, or the person's agent or attorney during that period, may petition the circuit court of any county in which the person owns property for relief under this section subsection. Upon filing of the petition the court shall make an order fixing the time of hearing and requiring the giving of notice of the hearing. If after the hearing the court finds that the person is, or within 6 months next preceding the filing of the petition was, in the military service of the United States federal active duty and owns property within the county on which taxes have fallen or will fall due, and that the person's ability to pay the taxes has been materially adversely affected by reason of being in military service federal active duty, the court shall enter an order determining that the person is entitled to relief under this section subsection. The court may suspend proceedings for the collection of taxes on the property for a period not exceeding 6 months after termination of the military service federal active duty of the person, or for the time reasonably necessary to complete the agreement provided in sub. (7) par. (g). Thereafter, the property shall not be included in tax certificates issued to enforce

- collection of taxes on property, and all proceedings for that purpose shall be suspended, except under terms that the court may order.
- (d) Whenever any tax or assessment on real property, including all special assessments, is not paid when due, any interest or penalty under s. 74.47 and the maximum limitation of 6 percent per year as provided under 50 App. USC 501 shall be waived for the purpose and under the conditions specified in this section subsection.
- (e) The penalties and interest waived under this section <u>subsection</u> are those for nonpayment of all taxes or assessments, general or special, falling due during the period of <u>military service federal active duty</u> of any person against either real or personal property of which the person is the bona fide owner or in which the person has an interest.
- (f) The person owning or having an interest in any property in respect to which the order under sub. (3) par. (c) is made, or the person's agent or attorney, may file a certified copy of the order of suspension with the county treasurer or with the city treasurer of cities authorized by law to sell lands for the nonpayment of taxes as to the taxes and assessments. The person shall file with the order an affidavit in triplicate, sworn to by the person or agent or attorney, setting forth the name of the owner, the legal description of the property, the type of property, when acquired, volume and page number where the deed was recorded if acquired by deed, and the name of the estate if acquired by descent, amount of delinquent taxes if any, and the names of the holders of any outstanding mortgage, lien, or other encumbrance. Upon receipt of the filing, the county treasurer or city treasurer shall record the order in the office of the register of deeds of the county and file a copy in the office of the treasurer, who shall make proper notation that a person in military service federal

active duty is the holder of the legal title and has made application for special relief.
The county treasurer or city treasurer shall immediately forward an additional copy
of the order and affidavit to the office of the clerk of the town, city, or village where
the property is located, or if it is located in a city, authorized to sell lands for
nonpayment of its taxes, to the commissioner of assessments, who shall make an
appropriate notation in the records.

(g) Any person seeking relief under this section subsection, within 6 months after termination of military service federal active duty, or the person's agent or attorney, or in case of death of the person, the personal representative, surviving spouse, or heir, may apply to the county treasurer of the county, or the city treasurer of a city authorized by law to sell lands for the nonpayment of taxes, where the property is located, for an agreement for scheduled installment payments, covering the taxes accrued during the person's period of military service federal active duty, provided that the taxes will be paid over a period of time equal to a period no longer than twice the length of military service federal active duty of the person, in equal periodic installments of not less than \$10, and subject to any other terms as may be just and reasonable.

**SECTION 145.** 21.74 (8) of the statutes is renumbered 321.61 (1) (h).

**SECTION 146.** 21.74 (9) of the statutes is renumbered 321.61 (2), and 321.61 (2) (a) 2., (b) 1., (c) and (g), as renumbered, are amended to read:

321.61 (2) (a) 2. "Contract" means an agreement between a person in military service federal active duty and a mobile telephone service provider that requires the person in military service federal active duty to pay the mobile telephone service provider a monthly fee in exchange for the use of a mobile telephone.

- (b) 1. The contract was executed by or on behalf of a person in military service federal active duty who entered federal active military duty after the contract was executed.
- (c) A person in military service federal active duty may suspend or terminate a contract to which this subsection applies without any penalties or additional fees at any time after the service member person in federal active duty has been issued orders into federal active duty by giving written notice to the mobile telephone service provider. The service member person in federal active duty shall include a copy of the orders into federal active duty as part of the notice. The notice may be given by 1st class mail to the address provided in the agreement with the mobile telephone service provider or provided in the mobile telephone service provider's billing statement or by delivering the notice to the mobile telephone service provider's branch office.
- (g) If a mobile telephone service provider assesses a person in military service federal active duty any penalty or fee after the person has suspended or terminated the contract under par. (c) or fails to make any refund required under par. (e), the service member shall have the right to person in federal active duty may bring an action for damages. If the service member person in federal active duty prevails in an action brought under this paragraph, the court shall order the mobile telephone service provider to pay the service member exemplary damages of \$2,000.
- **SECTION 147.** 21.75 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (title) and amended to read:
- 321.62 (title) Soldiers' and sailors' Service members civil relief act; state service active duty.
  - **SECTION 148.** 21.75 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (1) (intro.).

1	<b>SECTION 149.</b> 21.75 (1) (a) of the statutes is repealed.
2	<b>SECTION 150.</b> 21.75 (1) (b), (cm) and (d) of the statutes are renumbered 321.62
3	(1) (a), (b) and (c) and amended to read:
4	321.62 (1) (a) "Court" means a Wisconsin circuit court of record, a Wisconsin
5	court of appeals, or the Wisconsin supreme court.
6	(b) "Period of active state service active duty" means the period beginning on
7	the date on which the service member receives an order to enter state active state
8	service duty and ending on the date of the service member's release from state active
9	state service duty or death while in on state active state service duty.
10	(c) "Service member" means a resident of this state member of the national
11	guard or state defense force who may be is called into active state service active duty
12	for 30 days or more.
13	SECTION 151. 21.75 (1) (c) of the statutes is repealed.
14	<b>SECTION 152.</b> 21.75 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (2), and 321.62 (2)
15	(b) and (c), as renumbered, are amended to read:
16	321.62 (2) (b) If a service member is the principal on a criminal bail bond and
17	his or her active state service active duty causes the surety upon the bond to be
18	prevented from enforcing the attendance of the service member at court, the court
19	shall not enforce the provisions of the bond during the service member's period of
20	active state service active duty and may either during or after the period of state
21	active service duty discharge the surety and exonerate the bail.
22	(c) A surety, guarantor, endorser, or other person subject to the obligation,
23	liability, court action, order, writ, or judgment under par. (a) or (b) may waive in
24	writing the rights afforded by this subsection, except that the waiver is not valid
25	unless the waiver is executed as an instrument separate from the obligation, liability,

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1	court action, order, writ, or judgment. The waiver under this paragraph is not valid
2	after the beginning of the period of active state service active duty if executed by a
(3)	service member who subsequently is called into active state service active duty. The
4	waiver under this paragraph is not valid if executed by a dependent of a service
5	member unless the waiver is executed during the period of active state service active
6	duty.
7	SECTION 153. 21.75 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (3) and amended
8	to read:
9	321.62 (3) Effect on rights under a written agreement. This section does not
10	prevent the modification, termination, or cancelation of any contract, lease,
11	bailment, or secured obligation, or the repossession, retention, foreclosure, sale, or
12	forfeiture of property that is security for any obligation or which has been purchased
13	or received under a contract, lease, or bailment under a written agreement of the
14	parties if that agreement is executed during or after the period of active state service
15	active duty.
16	<b>SECTION 154.</b> 21.75 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (4).
17	<b>SECTION 155.</b> 21.75 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (5), and 321.62 (5)
18	(a) and (b) (intro.) and 1., as renumbered, are amended to read:
19	321.62 (5) (a) If, in any court action, there is a default of any appearance of the
20	defendant, the plaintiff, when requesting a default judgment, shall file with the court
21	an affidavit setting forth facts showing that the defendant is not in active state
22	service active duty. If the plaintiff is unable to file such an affidavit, the plaintiff
23	shall, when requesting a default judgment, file an affidavit setting forth that the

defendant is in active state service active duty or that the plaintiff is unable to

determine if the defendant is in active state service active duty. If an affidavit is not

filed showing that the defendant is not in active state service active duty, a default
judgment may not be entered without a court order. A court may not order the entry
of a default judgment if the defendant is in active state service active duty until the
court has appointed an attorney to represent the defendant and protect the
defendant's interests. Unless the court determines that the defendant is not in active
state service active duty, the court may require, as a condition of entering judgment,
the plaintiff to file a bond to indemnify the defendant, if he or she is in active state
service active duty, against any loss or damage resulting from the judgment if any
part of the judgment is later set aside. The court may make any other order as may
be necessary to protect the interests of the defendant under this section.

- (b) (intro.) If a judgment is rendered in a court action against a service member during the period of active state service active duty or within 30 days after the end of that period of active state service active duty, and it appears that the service member was prejudiced in making a defense by reason of his or her active state service active duty, the court may reopen that judgment if all of the following conditions exist:
- 1. The service member moves the court to reopen the judgment within 90 days after his or her period of active state service active duty ends.
- **SECTION 156.** 21.75 (6) and (7) of the statutes are renumbered 321.62 (6) and (7) and amended to read:

321.62 (6) Stay of action. During any stage of a court action in which a service member in active state service active duty is involved as a party, or within 60 days after the end of the period of active state service active duty, the court in which the action is pending may on its own motion, and shall, on application of the service member or some person acting on behalf of the service member, stay the action unless

1	the court determines that the service member's ability to represent his or her interest
2	in the action is not materially affected by reason of his or her active state service
3	active duty.
4	(7) STAY OR VACATION OF EXECUTIONS OR ATTACHMENTS. In any court action that
5	is commenced against a service member before or after entering active state service
6	active duty, or within 60 days after the period of active state service active duty ends,
7	the court may on its own motion, and shall, on application of the service member or
8	some person acting on behalf of the service member, stay the execution of any
9	judgment or order entered against the service member, or stay or vacate any
10	attachment or garnishment regarding the service member's property, unless the
11	court determines that the service member's ability to comply with the judgment or
12	order is not materially affected by reason of his or her active state service active duty.
13	<b>SECTION 157.</b> 21.75 (8) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (8), and 321.62 (8)
14	(a), as renumbered, is amended to read:
15	321.62 (8) (a) Any stay of any action, attachment, execution, or garnishment
16	under this section may be ordered for the period of the active state service active duty
17	and 3 months 90 days after that period has ended, or for any part of that time.
18	<b>Section 158.</b> 21.75 (9) and (10) of the statutes are renumbered 321.62 (9) and
19	(10) and amended to read:
20	321.62 (9) STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS. The period of active state service active
21	duty may not be included in computing any period for the bringing of any action or
22	proceeding in any court or before any public agency, as defined in s. 36.54 (2) (a) 2.,
23	by or against a person in active state service active duty or by or against his or her

heirs, personal representatives, or assigns, whether the cause of action or proceeding

or the right to bring the action or proceeding accrued before or during the period of active state service active duty.

(10) Maximum interest rate. No obligation or liability bearing interest at a rate in excess of 6% per year incurred by a service member in active state service active duty before his or her entry into that service duty may, during any part of the period of active state service active duty, bear interest in excess of 6% per year except by court order. If, upon application by an obligee, a court determines that the ability of the service member to pay interest upon the obligation or liability at a rate in excess of 6% per year is not materially affected by reason of his or her active state service active duty, the court may make any order that is just. In this subsection, "interest" includes service charges, renewal charges, fees, or other charges, other than insurance, in respect to the obligation or liability.

**SECTION 159.** 21.75 (11) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (11), and 321.62 (11) (a) and (b), as renumbered, are amended to read:

321.62 (11) (a) No eviction may be made during the period of active state service active duty in respect to any premises for which the agreed rent does not exceed \$1,200 per month the amount specified in 50 USC App. 531, occupied chiefly for dwelling purposes by the spouse, children, or other dependents of a service member who is in active state service active duty, except upon order of a court in an action affecting the right of possession.

\*\*\*\*Note: The drafting subcommittee wanted to highlight this change for the special committee. Under current law, the spouse, children, or other dependents of a person who is on state active duty may not be evicted from premises for which the rent does not exceed \$1,200 per month, except by court order. The subcommittee recommends tying the amount of the rent to the amount of rent specified in a parallel federal law. Under the referenced federal law, the amount is \$2,400 per month, adjusted for inflation beginning in 2004.

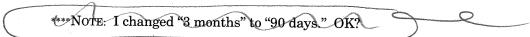
(b) In an action for eviction under par. (a), the court may on its own motion, and
shall, on application of the service member or some person acting on behalf of the
service member, stay the proceedings for not longer than 3 months 90 days unless
the court determines that the ability of the tenant to pay the agreed rent is not
materially affected by the active state service active duty. The court may make any
other order in the eviction action as it considers necessary and just. If a stay or order
is issued under this paragraph, the court may, upon the request of the owner of the
premises, make any other order as may be applicable to conserve the interests of all
of the parties.

**SECTION 160.** 21.75 (12) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (12), and 321.62 (12) (a), (b) (intro.) and (c) 1., as renumbered, are amended to read:

321.62 (12) (a) In this subsection, "obligation" means an obligation of a service member in active state service active duty that was incurred before the service member's period of active state service active duty began and that is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or other security in the nature of a mortgage on real or personal property that is owned by the service member.

(b) (intro.) If a court action against a service member is commenced during the service member's period of active state service active duty to enforce an obligation for nonpayment of any sum due or for any other breach of terms occurring before or during the service member's period of active state service active duty, the court shall hold a hearing on the matter. Unless the court determines that the service member's ability to comply with the terms of the obligation is not materially affected by reason of his or her active state service active duty, the court on its own motion may, or upon application of the service member or another person on his or her behalf shall, do any of the following:

(c) 1. Notwithstanding the times provided in ss. 846.10, 846.101, 846.102, and 846.103 for sales of real property, no foreclosure, sale, or seizure of property for nonpayment of any sum due or for any other breach of terms is valid if it occurs during or within 3 months 90 days after the service member's period of active state service active duty, unless the court ordered the foreclosure, sale, or seizure of property before the beginning of the service member's period of active state service active duty and approves the foreclosure, sale, or seizure after it occurs.



**SECTION 161.** 21.75(13) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62(13) and amended to read:

321.62 (13) Personal property, or to rescind or terminate a contract for the purchase possession of personal property, or to rescind or terminate a contract for the purchase of personal property, has been stayed under this section, the court may appoint 3 disinterested persons to appraise the property. Based upon the report of the appraisers, and unless undue hardship would result to the dependents of the service member in active state service active duty, the court may order that a sum be paid to the service member as a condition of resuming possession of the property or rescinding or terminating the contract.

**SECTION 162.** 21.75 (14) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (14), and 321.62 (14) (a) 1. and (b), as renumbered, are amended to read:

321.62 (14) (a) 1. The lease was executed by or on behalf of a service member who entered active state service active duty after the lease was executed.

(b) A lease to which this subsection applies may be terminated by the service member at any time after the beginning of the service member's period of active state service active duty by giving notice in writing by personal delivery or first class mail

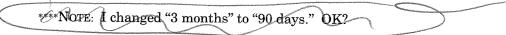
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to the landlord or the person who ha	s been receiving rent or managing the property
as the landlord's agent.	

**SECTION 163.** 21.75 (15) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (15), and 321.62 (15) (a) and (b), as renumbered, are amended to read:

321.62 (15) (a) Notwithstanding ss. 704.05 (5) and 704.90, no person may enforce a lien for storage of any household goods, furniture, or personal effects of a service member during the period in which the service member is in military service state active duty and for 90 days after the member's completion of military service state active duty, except as permitted by a court order under par. (b).

(b) No person may exercise any right to foreclose or enforce a lien for the storage of household goods, furniture, or personal effects of a service member during the service member's period of active state service active duty and for 3 months 90 days after that period ends except upon an order of the court. In an action under this paragraph, the court, after a hearing, may on its own motion, and shall, on application of the service member or some person acting on behalf of the service member, stay the proceeding or make such other order as may be equitable to conserve the interests of all parties, unless the court determines that the ability of the service member to pay storage charges due is not materially affected by his or her active state service active duty.



**SECTION 164.** 21.75 (16) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (16) and amended to read:

321.62 (16) DEPENDENT BENEFITS. Upon application to the court, a dependent of a service member is entitled to the same benefits given to a service member while in active state service active duty, unless the court determines that the ability of the

1	dependent to comply with the terms of an obligation, contract, lease, or bailment is
2	not materially impaired by reason of the service member's active state service active
3	duty.
4	<b>SECTION 165.</b> 21.75 (17) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (17).
5	<b>Section 166.</b> $21.75(18)$ of the statutes is renumbered $321.62(18)$ and amended
6	to read:
7	321.62 (18) CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE STATE ACTIVE DUTY; PERSON REPORTED MISSING.
8	(a) In any action or proceeding under this section, a certificate signed by the adjutant
9	general or a person designated by the adjutant general as to the period of state active
10	service duty of a service member shall be prima facie evidence as to any of the
11	following facts unless shown to be incorrect:
12	1. That the service member named has been in active state service active duty.
13	2. The period of the active state service active duty, including the date the
14	service member was ordered into active state service active duty.
15	3. The monthly pay received by the service member in active state service active
16	duty at the time the certificate was issued.
17	4. If the service member died while in active state service active duty, the date
18	and the place where he or she died.
19	(b) The adjutant general shall provide the certificate under par. (a) upon
20	request of the service member or of a person acting on behalf of the service member
21	or his or her estate, and any certificate so provided shall be prima facie evidence of
22	the facts stated in the certificate and of the authority of the signer to issue the
23	certificate unless shown to be incorrect.
24	(c) When a service member in active state service active duty has been reported

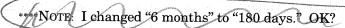
missing to the department, the service member shall be presumed to continue in

active state service active duty until accounted for, and no period limited under this section which begins or ends with the death of a service member shall begin or end until the death of the service member is determined by the department or by a court.

**Section 167.** 21.75 (19) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (19).

**SECTION 168.** 21.75 (20) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (20), and 321.62 (20) (a), as renumbered, is amended to read:

321.62 (20) (a) A service member may, at any time during his or her period of active state service active duty, or within 6 months 180 days after that service duty ends, apply to a court for relief with respect to any obligation or liability incurred by the service member before his or her period of active state service active duty. The court, after appropriate notice and hearing, may grant the following relief unless the court determines that the ability of the service member to comply with the terms of the obligation or liability has not been materially affected by his or her state active service duty:



1. In the case of an obligation payable in installments under a contract for the purchase of real estate, or secured by a mortgage upon real estate, a stay of the enforcement of the obligation during the period of active state service active duty and, from the date of the end of the period of active state service active duty or from the date of requesting the relief if made after the service state active duty is ended, for a period equal to the period of the remaining life of the installment contract or instrument evidencing the obligation plus a period of time equal to the period of active state service active duty, or any part of that combined period. The court may issue a stay under this paragraph if the service member makes payments of the balance of the principal and accumulated interest due and unpaid at the date of the

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end of the period of active state service active duty or from the date of requesting the relief, whichever is appropriate, in equal installments during the combined period and at the rate of interest as is prescribed in the contract or instrument evidencing the obligation for installments paid when due. The court may order other terms under this paragraph as are just.

2. In the case of any other obligation or liability, a stay of the enforcement of that obligation or liability during the service member's period of active state service active duty and, from the date of the end of the period of active state service active duty or from the date of requesting the relief if made after the service duty is ended, for a period equal to the period of active state service active duty or any part of that period. The court may issue a stay under this paragraph if the service member makes payments of the balance of the principal and accumulated interest due and unpaid at the date of the end of the period of active state service active duty or from the date of requesting the relief, whichever is appropriate, in equal installments during the extended period and at the rate of interest as is prescribed for the obligation or liability when due. The court may order other terms under this paragraph as are just.

**SECTION 169.** 21.75 (21) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (21), and 321.62 (21) (b), as renumbered, is amended to read:

321.62 (21) (b) No power of attorney executed after December 14, 2001, by a service member in active state service active duty may be extended under par. (a) if the document creating the power of attorney clearly indicates that the power granted expires on the date specified even if the service member, after the date of execution of the document, is reported missing to the department.

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**SECTION 170.** 21.75 (22) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (22), and 321.62 (22) (a), (b) 2. and (c) 1., as renumbered, are amended to read:

321.62 (22) (a) 1. If a service member who is called into active state service active duty has coverage under a professional liability insurance policy that does not cover claims filed with respect to the service member during the period of active state service active duty unless the premiums are paid for the coverage for that period, the insurer that provides the coverage shall suspend the service member's coverage under the policy upon receipt of a written request from the service member to do so. The insurer may not require that premiums be paid for the suspended coverage. The insurer shall refund any premium amount already paid for coverage of the service member for the period after the coverage is suspended or shall, at the option of the service member, apply such amount to payment of any premium that becomes due upon reinstatement of the coverage.

- 2. Subdivision 1. does not require the suspension of coverage for any other person who has coverage under the policy and who is not a service member ealled into active state service active duty or relieve any person of the obligation to pay premiums for coverage that is not required to be suspended under subd. 1.
- (b) 2. For purposes of subd. 1., a claim that is based on the failure of a professional to make adequate provision for the care of patients during the professional's period of active state service active duty shall be considered to be based on an action or the failure to take action before the beginning of the period during which coverage is suspended under this subsection, unless professional services were provided after the date on which the suspension of coverage began.
- (c) 1. If a service member whose professional liability insurance coverage is suspended under par. (a) transmits to the insurer, within 30 days after the date on

which the service member is released from active state service active duty, a written
request for reinstatement of his or her professional liability insurance coverage, the
insurer must reinstate the coverage as of the date on which the insurer receives the
written request. The period for which the coverage must be reinstated may not be
less than the balance of the period for which the coverage would have continued
under the policy had the coverage not been suspended.

**SECTION 171.** 21.75 (23) of the statutes is renumbered 321.62 (23) and amended to read:

321.62 (23) NOTICE OF BENEFITS UNDER THIS SECTION. The department shall provide each service member a brochure explaining this section when that service member enters active state service active duty.

**SECTION 172.** 21.78 (title), (1), (2), (3) and (4) of the statutes are renumbered 321.63 (title), (1), (2), (3) and (4) and amended to read:

321.63 (title) Employees Local government employees or officers in military service federal active duty. (1) The governing body of any county, town, city, village, school district, or technical college district A local governmental unit, as defined in s. 66.0135 (1) (c), may grant a leave of absence to any employee or officer who is inducted or who enlists in the U.S. armed forces for a period of military service federal active duty of not more than 4–5 years unless the employee is involuntarily retained for a longer period. No salary or compensation of the employee or officer shall be paid, nor claim for the salary or compensation exist, during the leave of absence, except as provided in this section. If the employee's or officer's salary or compensation is less in the U.S. armed forces than was paid by the county, town, city, village, school district, or technical college district local governmental unit, that governmental unit may pay the employee or officer the difference between the salary

or compensation paid by the U.S. armed forces and the salary or compensation that the employee or officer was paid by the county, town, city, village, school district, or technical college district local governmental unit at the time that he or she enlisted in or was inducted into the U.S. armed forces.

\*\*\*\*NOTE: The drafting subcommittee wanted to highlight for the special committee the change in the number of years for which a local governmental unit may grant a leave of absence to an employee or officer who is serving in federal active duty. In order to follow federal law, the statute is being amended to allow a 5-year leave of absence; current law allows 4 years.

- (2) The governing body <u>local governmental unit</u> may provide for safeguarding the reinstatement and pension rights, as limited in this section, of any employee or officer so inducted or enlisted.
- (3) No employee or officer who is appointed to fill the place of any employee or officer so inducted or enlisted shall acquire permanent tenure during the period of the replacement service.
- (4) If the leave of absence under sub. (1) is granted to an elected or appointed official or employee and the official or employee has begun service in the U.S. armed forces federal active duty, a temporary vacancy exists and a successor may be appointed to fill the unexpired term of the official or employee, or until the official or employee returns and files an election to resume the office if the date of the filing is prior to the expiration of the term. The appointment shall be made in the manner provided for the filling of vacancies caused by death, resignation, or otherwise, except that no election need be held to fill a temporary vacancy. The appointee has all the powers, duties, liabilities, and responsibilities and shall be paid and receive the compensation and other benefits of the office or position, unless otherwise provided by the governing body local governmental unit. Within 40 days after the termination of service in the U.S. armed forces federal active duty, the elected or appointed official

or employee, upon filing with the clerk of the <u>local</u> governmental unit, a statement
under oath of termination and that the official or employee elects to resume the office
or position, may resume the office or position for the remainder of the term for which
elected or appointed. The person temporarily filling the vacancy shall cease to hold
the office on the date of the filing.

**Section 173.** 21.78 (5) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 174. 21.79 of the statutes is renumbered 321.64, and 321.64 (title), (1) (a) (intro.), 1., 3. and 5., (2) and (4), as renumbered, are amended to read:

**321.64** (title) **Reemployment after completion of military service federal active duty or service. (1)** (a) (intro.) Any person who has enlisted or enlists in or who has been or is inducted or ordered into active service in the U.S. armed forces pursuant to 50 App. USC 301, 401, and 451, or P.L. 87–117 federal active duty for 90 days or more, and any person whose services are requested by the federal government for national defense work as a civilian during a period officially proclaimed to be a national emergency or a limited national emergency, who, to perform the training duty or service, has left or leaves a position, other than a temporary position, in the employ of any political subdivision of the state or in the employ of any private or other employer, shall be restored to that position or to a position of like seniority, status, pay, and salary advancement as though service toward seniority, status, pay, or salary advancement had not been interrupted by the absence, if all of the following conditions are met:

1. The person presents to the employer evidence of satisfactory completion of the period of training or civilian federal active duty or federal government service, or of discharge from the U.S. armed forces under conditions other than dishonorable.

- 3. The person makes application for reemployment and resumes work within 90 days after completion of the training or federal active duty or federal government service, military or civilian, or was so discharged from the U.S. armed forces, or within 6 months after release from hospitalization for duty-connected or service-connected injury or disease.
- 5. The military service federal active duty or federal government service was not for more than 4-5 years unless extended by law.

\*\*\*\*NOTE: See the note following s. 321.63 (1) regarding the change from 4 years to 5 years.

\*\*\*\*Note: This section discussed armed forces duty and civilian service during a national emergency, so throughout this section I added the duty and service language. OK?

(2) The service of any person who is or was restored to a position in accordance with sub. (1) shall be considered not to be interrupted by the absence, except for the receipt of pay or other compensation for the period of the absence and he or she shall be entitled to participate in insurance, pensions, retirement plans, or other benefits offered by the employer under established rules and practices relating to employees on furlough or leave of absence in effect with the employer at the time the person entered or was enlisted, inducted, or ordered into the forces and service federal active duty or federal government service. The person whose position was restored may not be discharged from the position without cause within one year after restoration and the discharge is subject to all federal or state laws affecting any private employment and to the provisions of contracts that may exist between employer and employee. Each county, town, city, or village political subdivision shall contribute or pay all contributions of the employer to the applicable and existent pension, annuity, or retirement system as though the service of the employee had not been interrupted by military service federal active duty or federal government service.

. 1	(4) No person who is appointed in the service of the state or of any county, city,
2	village, or town political subdivision to fill the place of a person entering service in
3	the U.S. armed forces federal active duty or federal government service under sub.
4	(1) shall acquire permanent tenure during the period of that replacement service.
5	<b>Section 175.</b> 21.80 (title) and (1) (intro.) of the statutes are renumbered $321.65$
6	(title) and (1) (intro.).
7	<b>SECTION 176.</b> 21.80 (1) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 321.65 (1) (a), and
8	321.65 (1) (a) (intro.), 1. and 3., as renumbered, are amended to read:
9	321.65 (1) (a) (intro.) "Active state service" means any of the following:
10	1. Active service in the national guard or the state defense force under an order
11	of the governor issued under this chapter State active duty or active service duty in
12	the national guard under 32 USC 502 (f) that is not considered to be service in the
13	uniformed services.
14	3. Active service duty in the national guard of any state under an order of the
15	governor of that state.
16	<b>SECTION 177.</b> 21.80 (1) (b) to (e) of the statutes are renumbered 321.65 (1) (b)
17	to (e).
18	Section 178. 21.80 (1) (f) of the statutes is repealed.
19	<b>Section 179.</b> 21.80 (1) (g) of the statutes is renumbered 321.65 (1) (f).
20	SECTION 180. 21.80 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 321.65 (2) and amended
21	to read:
22	321.65 (2) More generous rights permitted. Nothing in this section prohibits
<b>23</b>	an employer from providing employees who are called into active state service with
24	reemployment rights and benefits that are more generous to the employee than the
25	rights and benefits provided under this section.

1	<b>SECTION 181.</b> 21.80 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 321.65 (3), and 321.65 (3)
2	(a) (intro.), 1., 2. and 4., (c), (d) 2., (e) 1., 2. and 3., (f) 1. and (h), as renumbered, are
3	amended to read:
4	321.65 (3) (a) Prerequisites. (intro.) Subject to par. (d), any person who is a
5	resident of this state and absent from a position of employment because of active
6	state service is entitled to the reemployment rights and benefits specified in this
7	section if all of the following apply:
8	1. Except as provided in par. (b), the person or an appropriate officer in the
9	national guard of this or another state or the state defense force has given advanced
10	notice of the active state service to the person's employer.
11	2. Except as provided in par. (c), the cumulative length of the absence from the
12	position of employment and of all previous absences from a position of employment
13	with the employer by reason of active state service or service in the uniformed
14	services <u>federal active duty</u> does not exceed 5 years.
15	4. In the case of active state service in the national guard in this or another state
16	or the state defense force, the active state service has not been terminated under
17	other than honorable conditions.
18	(c) Length of absence limit. The periods of service in the uniformed services
19	described in 38 USC 4312 (c) (1) to (4) federal active duty and all of the following
20	periods of active state service are not included in calculating the 5-year period
21	specified in par. (a) 2.:
PLAIN	in par, (a) 2. Should federal duty be removed here?
DV.	

1. Any period of active state service, as defined in sub. (1) (a) 1., beyond that
5-year period that is required to complete an initial period of obligated active state
service.

- 2. Any period of active <u>state</u> service, <u>as defined in sub. (1) (a) 1.,</u> for which the person, through no fault of the person's own, was unable to obtain orders releasing the person from a period of active <u>state</u> service before the expiration of the 5-year period.
- 3. Any period of active state service, as defined in sub. (1) (a) 1., that was performed to fulfill any additional training requirements determined and certified in writing by the federal secretary of the army, the federal secretary of the air force, or the adjutant general to be necessary for professional development or for completion of skill training or retraining.
- 4. Any period of active <u>state</u> service that was performed by a person who was ordered to, or retained in, active <u>state</u> service, other than for training, because of a state emergency declared by the governor, because of a war or national emergency declared by the president of the United States or Congress, because of insurrection, rebellion, riot, invasion, or resistance to the execution of the laws of this state or of the United States, or in support of an operational mission, a critical mission, or any other requirement of the <u>uniformed services</u> <u>U.S. armed forces</u>.
- (d) 2. The position of employment that the person left to perform active <u>state</u> service was for a brief, nonrecurrent period and there was no reasonable expectation that the position of employment would continue indefinitely or for a significant period of time.
- (e) 1. Subject to subds. 4. and 5., if a person who has been absent from a position of employment because of active <u>state</u> service that lasted for less than 31 days, who

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has been absent from a position of employment for any period of time for the purpose of an examination to determine the person's fitness to perform active state service, or who has been absent from a position of employment because the person was hospitalized for or was convalescing from an illness or injury that was incurred in or aggravated during the performance of that active state service wishes to receive the reemployment rights and benefits specified in this section, the person must notify the person's employer of the person's intent to return to the position of employment by reporting to the employer by no later than the beginning of the first full regularly-scheduled work period on the first full calendar day following the completion of the active state service, examination, or period of hospitalization or convalescence, a period of time that allows for the safe transportation of the person from the place of active state service, examination, hospitalization, or convalescence to the person's residence, and a rest period of 8 hours following that transportation period or, if through no fault of the person's own reporting to the employer within that time is impossible or unreasonable, by reporting to the employer as soon as possible after that 8-hour rest period.

2. Subject to subds. 4. and 5., if a person who has been absent from a position of employment because of active <u>state</u> service that lasted for more than 30 days, but less than 181 days, or who has been absent from a position of employment because the person was hospitalized for or was convalescing from an illness or injury that was incurred in or aggravated during the performance of that active <u>state</u> service wishes to receive the reemployment rights and benefits specified in this section, the person must notify the person's employer of the person's intent to return to the position of employment by submitting to the employer an application for reemployment by no later than 14 days after the completion of the active <u>state</u> service, hospitalization, or

convalescence or, if through no fault of the person's own submitting the application within that time is impossible or unreasonable, by submitting to the employer an application for reemployment by no later than the first full calendar day on which submission of the application becomes possible.

3. Subject to subds. 4. and 5., if a person who has been absent from a position of employment because of active <u>state</u> service that lasted for more than 180 days or who has been absent from a position of employment because the person was hospitalized for or was convalescing from an illness or injury that was incurred in or aggravated during the performance of that active <u>state</u> service wishes to receive the reemployment rights and benefits specified in this section, the person must notify the person's employer of the person's intent to return to the position of employment by submitting to the employer an application for reemployment by no later than 90 days after the completion of the active <u>state</u> service, hospitalization, or convalescence or, if through no fault of the person's own submitting the application within that time is impossible or unreasonable, by submitting to the employer an application for reemployment by no later than the first full calendar day on which submission of the application becomes possible.

(f) 1. A person who submits an application for reemployment under par. (e) 2. or 3. must, on the request of the person's employer, provide to the employer documentation to establish that the application was submitted within the time limits specified in par. (e) 2. or 3., that the person's cumulative length of all absences from employment with the employer because of active <u>state</u> service or service in the <u>uniformed services</u> and federal active duty does not, except as permitted under par. (c), exceed 5 years, and, in the case of active <u>state</u> service in the national guard in this

or another state or the state defense force, that the person's service was not terminated under other than honorable conditions.

(h) Prohibited bases for denial of reemployment. In determining a person's right to reemployment and other benefits under this section, an employer may not deny reemployment or any other benefits based on the timing, frequency, duration, or nature of the person's active state service or service in the uniformed services federal active duty so long as the requirements under par. (a) are met.

**SECTION 182.** 21.80(4) of the statutes is renumbered 321.65(4), and 321.65(4) (a), as renumbered, is amended to read:

321.65 (4) (a) Prompt reemployment required. 1. Subject to subds. 3. and 4. and par. (b), an employer shall reemploy a person who is entitled to reemployment under sub. (3) and whose period of active <u>state</u> service was for less than 91 days promptly on completion of that period of active <u>state</u> service in the position of employment in which the person would have been employed if the continuous employment of the person with the employer had not been interrupted by that active <u>state</u> service so long as the person is qualified to perform the duties of that position or, if after reasonable efforts by the employer to qualify the person to perform those duties the person is not qualified to perform those duties, in the position of employment in which the person was employed on the date on which the person's period of active <u>state</u> service began.

2. Subject to subds. 3. and 4. and par. (b), an employer shall reemploy a person who is entitled to reemployment under sub. (3) and whose period of active state service was for more than 90 days promptly on completion of that period of active state service in the position of employment in which the person would have been employed if the continuous employment of the person with the employer had not been

interrupted by that active <u>state</u> service or in a position of employment of like seniority, status, and pay so long as the person is qualified to perform the duties of that position or, if after reasonable efforts by the employer to qualify the person to perform those duties the person is not qualified to perform those duties, in the position of employment in which the person was employed on the date on which the person's period of active <u>state</u> service began or in a position of employment of like seniority, status, and pay.

- 3. Subject to par. (b), in the case of a person who has a disability that was incurred in or aggravated during a period of active <u>state</u> service and who, after reasonable efforts by the employer to accommodate the disability, is not qualified due to the disability to perform the duties of the position of employment in which the person would have been employed if the continuous employment of the person with the employer had not been interrupted by the active <u>state</u> service, the employer shall reemploy the person promptly on completion of that period of active <u>state</u> service in any other position that is equivalent to that position in seniority, status, and pay, the duties of which the person is qualified to perform or would become qualified to perform with reasonable efforts by the employer, or, if there is no other position of employment available that is equivalent to that position in seniority, status, and pay, in a position that is the nearest approximation to that equivalent position in terms of seniority, status, and pay, consistent with the person's circumstances.
- 4. Subject to par. (b), in the case of a person who is not qualified to be employed in the position of employment in which the person would have been employed if the continuous employment of the person with the employer had not been interrupted by the person's active <u>state</u> service or in the position of employment in which the person was employed on the date on which the person's period of active <u>state</u> service

began for any reason other than disability incurred in or aggravated during a period of active <u>state</u> service and who cannot become qualified to be so employed with reasonable efforts by the employer, the employer shall reemploy the person promptly on completion of that period of active <u>state</u> service in any other position that the person is qualified to perform and that is the nearest approximation to the position of employment in which the person would have been employed if the continuous employment of the person with the employer had not been interrupted by that active <u>state</u> service, with full seniority, or if no position of employment that is the nearest approximation to that position is available, in a position of employment that the person is qualified to perform and that is the nearest approximation to the position of employment in which the person was employed on the date on which the person's period of active <u>state</u> service began, with full seniority.

**SECTION 183.** 21.80 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 321.65 (5) and amended to read:

321.65 (5) RIGHTS, BENEFITS, AND OBLIGATIONS. (a) Seniority. A person who is reemployed under this section is entitled to the seniority and other rights and benefits determined by seniority that the person had on the last day of employment before the person's active state service began, plus all seniority and other rights and benefits determined by seniority that the person would have had if the continuous employment of the person with the employer had not been interrupted by that active state service.

(b) *Continuation of benefits*. 1. Subject to subds. 2. to 5., a person who is absent from employment because of active <u>state</u> service is considered to be on furlough or leave of absence while performing the active <u>state</u> service and is entitled to receive all rights and benefits not determined by seniority that are generally provided by the

- employer to employees having similar seniority, status, and pay who are on furlough or leave of absence under a contract, agreement, policy, practice, or plan that is in effect on the day on which the active <u>state</u> service began or that is established while the person is performing the active <u>state</u> service.
- 2. If an employer shows that a person who is absent from a position of employment because of active <u>state</u> service has knowingly provided written notice of the person's intent not to return to a position of employment with the employer after that active <u>state</u> service and, in doing so, was aware of the specific rights and benefits under subd. 1. that the person would lose while absent from the position of employment, the person is not entitled to the rights and benefits specified in subd. 1. while absent from employment.
- 3. A person who is considered to be on furlough or leave of absence under subd.

  1. while performing active <u>state</u> service is not entitled to any benefit to which the person would not otherwise be entitled if the person had remained continuously employed.
- 4. An employer may require a person who is considered to be on furlough or leave of absence under subd. 1. while performing active <u>state</u> service to pay the employee cost, if any, of any benefit that is continued under subd. 1. to the same extent that other employees who are on furlough or leave of absence are so required.
- 5. A person who is absent from a position of employment because of active <u>state</u> service is entitled to receive coverage under a health benefit plan during the absence and on reemployment as provided in sub. (6).
- (c) Protection from discharge. An employer that reemploys under this section a person whose period of active <u>state</u> service lasted for more than 30 days, but less than 181 days, may not discharge the person within 180 days after the date of

1	reemployment except for cause. An employer that reemploys under this section a
2	person whose period of active state service lasted for more than 180 days may not
3	discharge the person within one year after the date of reemployment except for
4	cause.
5	<b>SECTION 184.</b> 21.80 (6) of the statutes is renumbered 321.65 (6), and 321.65 (6)
6	(a) (intro.) and (c), as renumbered, are amended to read:
7	321.65 (6) (a) Option to continue coverage. (intro.) Notwithstanding s. 632.897,
8	if a person who has coverage under a health benefit plan in connection with the
9	person's employment is absent from a position of employment because of active state
0	service, the insurer that issued the health benefit plan shall permit the person, and
.1	the person's dependents, to continue coverage under the health benefit plan until the
2	first to occur of the following:
3	(c) Reinstatement on reemployment. If a person's coverage under a health
4	benefit plan in connection with his or her employment was terminated because of the
5	person's active state service and if after returning from that active state service the
6	person is reemployed under sub. (3), coverage under the health benefit plan shall be
7	reinstated for the person and the person's dependents immediately upon
8	reemployment. With respect to the reinstated coverage, no exclusion or waiting
9	period may be imposed that would not have been imposed had the coverage not been
0	terminated because of the active <u>state</u> service.
1	<b>Section 185.</b> 21.80 (7) of the statutes is renumbered 321.65 (7).
2	SECTION 186. 21.80 (8) of the statutes is repealed.
3	SECTION 187. 40.05 (4g) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
4	40.05 (4g) (a) 4. Has received a military leave of absence under s. $230.32$ (3) (a)
5	or 230.35 (3), under a collective bargaining agreement under subch. V of ch. 111 or

1.	ander rules promulgated by the director of the office of state employment relations
2	or is eligible for reemployment with the state under s. $21.79 \pm 321.64$ after completion
3	of his or her service in the U.S. armed forces.
4	<b>SECTION 188.</b> 45.03 (13) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	45.03 (13) (e) Provide county veterans service officers with the information
6	provided to the department by the adjutant general under s. $21.19(14)321.04(1)(0)$
7	and may provide county veterans service officers with information on all necessary
8	military points of contact and general deployment information for reserve units of
9	the U.S. armed forces.
10	<b>SECTION 189.</b> 45.20 (2) (d) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
11	45.20 (2) (d) 3. A veteran may not receive reimbursement under this subsection
12	for any semester in which he or she is eligible for or received a grant under s. 21.49
13	<u>321.40</u> or under 10 USC 2007.
14	SECTION 190. 45.60 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	45.60 (1) (b) Military funeral honors may be provided by local units of member
16	organizations of the council on veterans programs, by local units of veterans
17	organizations certified by the department to provide military funeral honors, by
18	members of the Wisconsin national guard activated under s. 21.11 (3) 321.04 (2) (e),
19	or by staff of the department.
20	SECTION 191. 71.93 (1) (a) 6. of the statutes is amended to read:
21	71.93 (1) (a) 6. An amount owed to the department of military affairs under s.
22	21.49 (3m) 321.40 (5).
23	<b>SECTION 192.</b> 106.54 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	106.54 (7) The division shall receive complaints under s. 21.80 (7) (b) 1. or 2
2	321.65 (7) (b) 1. or 2. and shall process the complaints in the same manner that
3	employment discrimination complaints are processed under s. 111.39.
4	<b>SECTION 193.</b> 121.05 (1) (a) 13. of the statutes is amended to read:
5	121.05 (1) (a) 13. Pupils attending the Youth Challenge Academy program
6	under s. <del>21.26</del> <u>321.03 (1) (c)</u> .
7	SECTION 194. 121.095 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	121.095 (title) State aid adjustment; Youth Challenge Academy
9	program.
10	<b>Section 195.</b> 121.095 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	121.095 (1) (a) Determine the number of pupils counted in the school district's
12	membership who are attending the Youth Challenge Academy program under s.
13	<del>21.26</del> <u>321.03 (1) (c)</u> .
14	<b>SECTION 196.</b> 121.095 (1) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
15	121.095 (1) (b) 1. The amount determined by the department of military affairs
16	under s. 21.26 (2) (a) 321.03 (1) (c) 1.
17	<b>SECTION 197.</b> 121.90 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	121.90 (1) (intro.) "Number of pupils enrolled" means the number of pupils
19	enrolled on the 3rd Friday of September, including pupils identified in s. 121.05 (1)
20	(a) 1. to 11. and 13., and the number of pupils attending the Youth Challenge
21	Academy program under s. $21.26 \ 321.03 \ (1) \ (c)$ in the previous spring session, except
22	that "number of pupils enrolled" excludes the number of pupils attending public
23	school under s. 118.145 (4) and except as follows:
24	SECTION 198. 230.04 (17) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	230.04 (17) The director shall resolve any dispute raised by a complaint filed
2	under s. <del>21.79 (1) (c)</del> <u>321.64 (1) (c)</u> .
3	SECTION 199. 230.315 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	230.315 (1) (c) The employee has received a military leave of absence under s.
5	230.32(3)(a) or $230.35(3)$ , under a collective bargaining agreement under subch. V
6	of ch. 111, or under rules promulgated by the office of employment relations or is
<b>7</b>	eligible for reemployment with the state under s. $21.79  \underline{321.64}$ after completion of his
8	or her service in the U.S. armed forces.
9	SECTION 200. 230.32 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	230.32 (7) Any employee who is absent from state service because the employee
11	is in active service, as defined in s. 21.80 (1) (a) 321.65 (1) (a), is entitled to all
12	reemployment rights and benefits provided under s. 21.80 321.65.
13 14	SECTION 201. Chapter 321 (title) of the statutes is created to read:  CHAPTER 321
15	DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS
16	SECTION 202. Subchapter I (title) of chapter 321 [precedes 321.01] of the
17	statutes is created to read:
18	CHAPTER 321
19	SUBCHAPTER I
20	GENERAL PROVISIONS
21	SECTION 203. 321.01 of the statutes is created to read:
22	321.01 Definitions. In this chapter:
23	(1) "Active duty" means federal active duty or state active duty.
24	(2) "Department" means the department of military affairs.

**Section 204.** 321.02 (title) of the statutes is created to read:

**Section 205.** 321.04 (title) and (1) (intro.) of the statutes are created to read:

321.02 (title) Powers and duties of the governor.

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or state defense force.

1	321.04 (title) Powers and duties of the adjutant general. (1) (intro.) The
2	adjutant general or his or her designee shall do all of the following:
3	<b>SECTION 206.</b> 321.04 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
4	321.04 (1) (b) Advise the governor on military issues and transmit military
5	correspondence to and from the governor.
6	<b>Section 207.</b> 321.04 (1) (j) of the statutes is created to read:
7	321.04 (1) (j) Prepare the training of national guard members.
8	SECTION 208. 321.04 (1) (m) of the statutes is created to read:
9	321.04 (1) (m) Prepare and issue all necessary accounting books and forms for
10	the national guard. All of the accounting books and forms shall conform as nearly
11	as practicable to those in use in the U.S. army or air force.
12	<b>Section 209.</b> 321.04 (1) (p) of the statutes is created to read:
13	321.04 (1) (p) Perform the duties under s. 321.51 (2) (e).
14	SECTION 210. 321.04 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is created to read:
15	321.04 (2) (intro.) The adjutant general or his or her designee may do any of
16	the following:
17	Section 211. 321.04 (2) (f) of the statutes is created to read:
18	321.04 (2) (f) Perform the duties under 321.51 (2) (b).
19	SECTION 212. Subchapter II (title) of chapter 321 [precedes 321.10] of the
20	statutes is created to read:
21	CHAPTER 321
22	SUBCHAPTER II
23	MILITARY OFFICERS
24	Section 213. 321.10 (1) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

1	321.10 (1) (e) A joint chief of staff, whose rank may may not exceed major
2	general.
3	SECTION 214. Subchapter III (title) of chapter 321 [precedes 321.20] of the
4	statutes is created to read:
5	CHAPTER 321
6	SUBCHAPTER III
7	MILITARY PROPERTY
8	SECTION 215. 321.21 (1) of the statutes is created to read:
9	321.21 (1) In this section, "money" means funds in the custody of the
10	department.
11	SECTION 216. 321.23 (title) of the statutes is created to read:
12	321.23 (title) Facilities and lands.
13	SECTION 217. Subchapter IV (title) of chapter 321 [precedes 321.30] of the
14 15	statutes is created to read:  CHAPTER 321
16	SUBCHAPTER IV
17	NATIONAL GUARD AND
18	STATE DEFENSE FORCE
19	Section 218. 321.39 (1) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is created to read:
20	321.39 (1) (a) (intro.) The governor may order into state active duty members
21	of the national guard under the following circumstances:
22	<b>Section 219.</b> 321.39 (1) (a) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
23	321.39 (1) (a) 3. If the governor declares a state of emergency relating to public
24	health under s. 166.03 (1) (b).
25	Section 220. 321.40 (6) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

	321.40 (d) (d) No guard member may receive a tuition grant under this section
2	unless he or she is a member in good standing in the national guard at the time of
3	completion of the course.
4	Section 221. 321.51 (2) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
5	321.51 (2) (b) If the state defense force is organized under sub. (1), the adjutant
6	general may perform the duties under s. 321.04 (2) (a), (b), (c) and (d) for the state
7	defense force.
8	Section 222. 321.51 (2) (e) of the statutes is created to read:
9	321.51 (2) (e) If the state defense force is organized under sub. (1), the adjutant
10	general shall perform the duties under s. 321.04 (1) for the state defense force.
11	SECTION 223. Subchapter V (title) of chapter 321 [precedes 321.60] of the
12	statutes is created to read:
13	CHAPTER 321
14	SUBCHAPTER V
15	RIGHTS OF SERVICE MEMBERS
16	SECTION 224. Subchapter VI (title) of chapter 321 [precedes 321.70] of the
L <b>7</b>	statutes is created to read:
18	CHAPTER 321
9	SUBCHAPTER VI
20	WISCONSIN CODE OF
21	MILITARY JUSTICE
22	(END)

[This part of the Prefatory Note to LRB-0517 (ch) 321) goes between the first and second paragraphs that are already in the P2 version of the draft. Also, in the first paragraph that is in the draft, "the drafting subcommittee of" should be deleted. If the special committee acts on a couple of things we raised, but didn't take action on, we can add them to the Pref. Note later like levels of fines, and base pay. The bill does the following: 1. Moves the military affairs provisions of the statutes that are currently in ch. 21 to a newly created ch. 321. 26 Reorganizes the entire chapter by subdividing it into the 6 subchapter shown in the table of contents set forth below. The current ch 21 consists of 54 sections that are not organized into subchapters. 3. Makes nonsubstantive editorial changes to modernize language to make the language note: pref consistent with current drafting style. 4. Repeals several provisions considered no longer necessary. For example, one section note pref in current ch. 21 relates to the Badger Challenge program, a program that no longer exists. As another example, a section is being repealed that allows the Governor to prescribe rules for issuing of property to bands. note : pref 5. Makes minor substantive changes that the drafting subcommittee of the special committee concluded are relatively noncontroversia. These include the following: a. Modifying the current provision on legal defense of National Guard and State note: pref Defense Force members for actions taken in the line of duty. Currently, legal counsel is appointed for state residents who are members of the State Defense Force or who are members of the National Guard of any state. This bill also includes members of the Wisconsin National Guard or Wisconsin State Defense Force who are not residents of Wisconsin. b. Raising the dollar amount of rent of premises from which specified family note: pref members of a person may not be evicted while the person is in active state service, unless there is a court order. Under current law, the spouse, children, or others dependents of a service member who is in active state service may not be evicted from premises for which the rent does not exceed \$1,200 per month, unless there is a court order. The bill increases this amount to \$2,400 per month. note: pref note: pref Increasing the amount of time for which a local governmental unit may grant a leave of absence to an employee for federal active duty from 4 years to 5 years. Adding to the military staff of the Governor a joint chief of staff with a specified rank. Daragraphs should
be induted according
to the default settings
of the note: pref component